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## Keywords: Spring 2 Year 11 Foundation

## Topic Title:

- Solving simultaneous Equations: To be able to describe the relationship between two quantity.
- Construction: To be able accurate drawings of shapes, angles and lines in geometry.
- Bearing: To indicate direction as well as the angle of particular landmark.

| Keyword | Definition |
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| Simultaneous equations | Simultaneous equations are two or more algebraic <br> equations that share variables e.g. x and y. They <br> are called simultaneous equations because the <br> equations are solved at the same time. |
| Bisectors | The bisector is a line that divides a line or an angle <br> into two equivalent parts. The bisector of a <br> segment always contains the midpoint of the <br> segment. |
| Loci | A locus is a set of all points, whose location <br> satisfies or is determined by one or more specified <br> conditions. |
| Bearing | Bearings are angles, measured clockwise from <br> north. To measure a bearing, we must first know <br> which direction is north. |
| Elevation | An elevation is the view of a 3D shape when it is <br> looked at from the side or from the front. |
| Exterior angle | The angle formed outside the polygon. |
| Polygon | A polygon can be defined as a flat or plane, two- <br> dimensional closed shape bounded with straight <br> sides. It does not have curved sides. |
| Construction | Constructions are accurate drawings of shapes, <br> angles and lines in geometry. |

