# Keywords: Summer 1 Year 7 Maths Class 9-6 

Downham market

## Topic Title:

We will learn to solve multi step equations. Then, learn how to measure and draw angles. Last but not least, we will learn about angles rules.

| Keyword | Definition |
| :---: | :---: |
| Inverse operations | Opposite calculations: +- / $\times \div$ |
| Variable | A letter which we don't know the value of. |
| Expression | A collection of terms which can contain variables (letters) and numbers. E.g. $4 p q-q+7$ |
| Equation | Two expressions which have the same value, separated by an '=' sign. E.g. $3 y=9+y$ |
| Solving Equations | To find the missing value in an equation. |
| Balance method to solve equations | Keep balance to the both sides of the equations, when solving it. Whatever you do to one side, you have to do to other side |
| Angles | An angle is formed when two straight lines cross or meet each other at a point. The size of an angle is measured by the amount one line has been turned in relation to the other. |
| Parallel | Two or more lines which are always the same distance apart. |
| Transversal | When a pair of parallel lines is cut with another line known as an intersecting transversal, it creates pairs of angles with special properties. |
| Corresponding angles | Corresponding angles are equal. The lines make an F shape. Notice that the F shape can be upside down or back to front. |
| Alternate angles | Alternate angles are equal. The lines make a $Z$ shape which can also be back to front. |
| Vertically opposite angles | Vertically opposite angles are equal. |

