Keywords: Year 7 Art

## Topic Title: <br> Art and Food

- Develop visual language by combining the Basic Elements, taking creative risks with experimental use of media.
- Explore colour theory and introduction to painting with watercolours.
- Express personal, informed judgements on artists work. Understand genre and themes to artwork.
- Example contextual links: Wayne Thiebauld, Nancy Standlee, Elda Abramson.

| Keyword | Definition |
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| Painting | Painting is the practice of applying paint or <br> other media to a surface, usually with a brush |
| Palette | A palette is a smooth, flat surface on which <br> artists set out and mix their colours before <br> painting, often designed to be held in the hand |
| Collage | Collage describes both the technique and the <br> resulting work of art in which pieces of paper, <br> photographs, fabric and other ephemera are <br> arranged and stuck down onto a supporting <br> surface |
| Primary Colours | Yellow, red, and blue. These are basic colours <br> that cannot be broken down into any simpler <br> colours. |
| Secondary Colours | These are created by mixing two primary <br> colours. The secondary colours are orange, <br> green, and purple |
| Tertiary Colours | These are created by mixing both primary and <br> secondary colours to form a hybrid, such as <br> yellow-orange. |
| Monochromatic | The monochromatic scheme is based on the <br> colours created from different tints (created <br> by adding black or white to the original <br> colour), tones, and shades of one hue. In <br> theory, it's the simplest of all the schemes. |
| Analogous colours | The analogous scheme is based on three <br> colours located next to each other on the <br> colour wheel (e.g., red, red-orange, and red- <br> violet). |
| Tone | Colours that are opposite on the colour wheel. |
| Texture | 2D areas, irregular or imperfect, straight and <br> angled. |
| Shape | The lightness or darkness of an artwork. <br> through sense of touch or visually. |
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| Pattern | A design in which shapes, lines or colours are <br> repeated. |
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| Colour | When light waves strike an object and reflect <br> back into our eyes, we perceive colour. |
| Form | Describing a 3 dimensional object. |
| Mark-making | Describes the different lines, patterns, dots, <br> textures we create in an artwork. |
| Observation | The action or process of closely observing <br> (looking) |
| Primary Source | Raw information, first hand evidence. For <br> example drawing from an object directly in <br> front of you. |
| Secondary Source | Provides second hand information, For <br> example working from a photograph taken by <br> someone else. |

