

## Keywords: Autumn 2 Year 11 Foundation

## Topic Title:

- Standard form: To be able to do calculations with very big/small numbers
- Powers and indices: To be able to use the rules of indices to simplify calculations
- Factorising Quadratic: To be able to find the solutions of a quadratic equation.

| Keyword | Definition |
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| Standard form | Any number that we can write as a decimal number, <br> between 1.0 and 10.0, multiplied by a power of 10. |
| Reciprocal | The reciprocal of a number is this fraction flipped <br> upside down |
| Cubic Root | The number that produces a given number when <br> cubed. |
| Coefficient | A numerical or constant quantity placed before and <br> multiplying the variable in an algebraic expression <br> (e.g. 4 in 4x $y$ ). |
| Factor | A number or quantity that when multiplied with <br> another produces a given number or expression. |
| Quadratic equation | An equation where the highest power of the variable <br> (usually "x") is a square (2). |
| Turning point in Quadratic graph | The turning point of a graph is where the curve in the <br> graph turns |
| Index | (power) is the small floating number that appears <br> after a number or variable. |

