

Downham Market Academy

Behaviour Policy

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Downham Market Academy

Behaviour Policy

Document Control 2

Document Control

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Contents:

Document Control	2
1. Rationale.....	4
2. Aims	5
3. Legislation, statutory requirements, and statutory guidance.....	6
4. Roles and Responsibilities	7
5. Recognising outstanding behaviour, attitudes, contributions, and achievements ...	8
6. When behaviour does not meet our high expectations	9
7. Consequences for poor behaviour	15
8. Serious Incident Protocol	20
9. Malicious Allegations	21
10. Confiscation, searches, and the use of reasonable force	22
11. Student support	27
12. Recognising the impact of SEND on behaviour	28
13. Training.....	29
14. Monitoring arrangements.....	30
Appendix A: Search protocol	31

1. Rationale

Excellent behaviour in school and sixth form is vital in helping all students to challenge their limits and realise their potential. Students, parents, teachers, and governors have all made their views clear that effective learning takes place in a positive, caring, safe and supportive learning environment.

Within ELA Trust schools, our students behave consistently well, demonstrating positive attitudes and commitment to their education. We have unapologetically high expectations and our policy reflects the requirement for the highest standards at all times so that all can have the opportunity to achieve and thrive. We want our students to be proud of the schools to which they belong and play an active role in our communities. They are part of a school culture where students are able to learn disruption free, difference and diversity is valued and celebrated, and where every student is supported to excel in all areas of school life.

Where a student struggles to meet our expectations it is our role to support them, taking intelligent, fair, and highly effective action and responding promptly, predictably and with confidence in order to maintain our calm and safe learning environment.

2. Aims

Students at Downham Market Academy and Athena Sixth Form are entitled to an exceptional experience which leads to them:

- Having **Passion**
- Having **Pride**
- Having **Perseverance**
- Being **Positive**
- Making **Progress**

In order to achieve this, our behaviour policy aims to:

- Create a positive culture that promotes excellent behaviour, ensuring that all students have the opportunity to learn in a calm, safe and supportive environment.
- Establish a whole-school approach to maintaining high standards of behaviour that reflects and embeds the Downham Market Academy ethos.
- Ensure that students' behave consistently well, both in lessons and outside lessons by outlining the expectations and consequences of behaviour and providing a consistent approach to behaviour management that is applied equally to all students.
- Define what we consider to be unacceptable behaviour, including bullying and discrimination.

3. Legislation, statutory requirements, and statutory guidance

This policy is based on legislation and advice from the Department for Education (DfE) on:

- [Behaviour in schools: advice for headteachers and school staff 2024](#)
- [Searching, screening and confiscation: advice for schools 2022](#)
- [The Equality Act 2010](#)
- [Keeping Children Safe in Education](#)
- [Suspension and permanent exclusion from maintained schools, academies and student referral units in England, including student movement](#)
- [Use of reasonable force in schools](#)
- [Supporting students with medical conditions at school](#)
- [Special Educational Needs and Disability \(SEND\) Code of Practice](#)
- [Sharing nudes and semi-nudes: advice for education settings working with children and young people](#)

In addition, this policy is based on:

- Schedule 1 of the [Education \(Independent School Standards\) Regulations 2014](#); paragraph 7 outlines a school's duty to safeguard and promote the welfare of children, paragraph 9 requires the school to have a written behaviour policy, and paragraph 10 requires the school to have an anti-bullying strategy.
- [DfE guidance](#) explaining that academies should publish their behaviour policy and anti-bullying strategy.

4. Roles and Responsibilities

All members of the school community, regardless of their role, have a responsibility to promote and maintain positive behaviour.

The Governing Body:

The governing body is responsible for:

- Monitoring behaviour and suspension data for the whole school on at least a termly basis. It also holds the Headteacher to account for the implementation of this policy.

The Head of School and Senior Assistant Headteacher responsible for Behaviour:

The Head of School and Senior Assistant Headteacher responsible for behaviour are responsible for:

- Implementation of this policy in the school.
- Providing staff with training in behaviour management strategies.
- Monitoring school-level behaviour and suspensions and reporting it to the Governing Body.
- Supporting staff with the behaviour of individual students.
- Accessing external agency support, where necessary.

The Head of Year's and Assistant Head of Year's:

The Head of Year's and Assistant Head of Year's are responsible for:

- Monitoring students behaviour data and ensuring that all behaviour concerns are followed up in line with this policy.
- Ensure that additional support and interventions are provided to students where required.
- Liaise with staff, parents and external agencies to support improvement in students behaviour.
- Supporting staff with the behaviour of individual students.

The Behaviour Team Support Staff:

The Isolation Room staff are responsible for:

- Logging all behaviour data from across the school and at an individual student level.
- Reporting concerns about behaviour to the Senior Assistant Headteacher responsible for behaviour and relevant Head of Year and advising them when a particular threshold has been met and next steps need to be actioned.
- Works with the Senior Assistant Headteacher responsible for behaviour and Head of Years to tackle poor behaviour through implementation of this policy.
- Making contact with home when a detention has been issued and following up with contacting home if a student does not attend their detention.

Class Teachers and Personal Development Tutors:

The Class Teachers and Personal Development Tutors are responsible for:

- Creating and maintaining a stimulating environment that encourages students to be engaged.
- Developing a positive relationship with students, which may include:
 - Greeting students in the morning/at the start of lessons
 - Establishing clear routines
 - Communicating expectations of behaviour in ways other than verbally
 - Highlighting and promoting good behaviour

5. Recognising outstanding behaviour, attitudes, contributions, and achievements

At DMA we aim to create a culture within the school where students feel recognised and rewarded for their excellent behaviours and achievements. We must all be committed to promoting positive behaviours at DMA by rewarding it when we see it. We will reward students with house points in line with our DMA DNA 5P's; Passion, Progress, Perseverance, Pride & Positivity.

Finally, our rewards system and pastoral structure will create a vibrant house system where students have a sense of identity and pride within their houses and are engaged in activities supporting their house and their community throughout the academic year.

When students achieve specific thresholds of house points they will be rewarded with prizes and recognition in year group assemblies:

Year 7 – 10 Rewards:

Level	House Points	Prize
Bronze	50	Bronze Certificate 1 Day Queue Jump Pass 1x ticket to 'grand draw'
Silver	100	Silver Certificate Invitation to Activity Afternoon DMA DNA Pen 2 x tickets to 'grand draw'
Gold	150	Gold Certificate, DMA branded tote bag Invitation to DMA Rewards Trip with a friend 5x tickets to 'grand draw'
Platinum	200	Platinum Certificate £20 Amazon Voucher 10x tickets to 'grand draw'

Year 11 Rewards:

Level	House Points	Prize
Bronze	50	Bronze Certificate 1 Day Queue Jump Pass Year 11 Non-Uniform Day
Silver	100	Silver Certificate Free Prom Ticket
Gold	150	Gold Certificate, £10 Amazon Voucher
Platinum	200	Platinum Certificate £20 Amazon Voucher

Students will also be recognised and awarded in termly reward assemblies that celebrate the success of their achievements, including:

- Highest number of house points in the year group.
- 100% attendance.
- Personal development group with the highest house points.
- Personal development group with the highest attendance.

Finally, students who meet the threshold for an invitation on our rewards trip will be invited to attend an exciting end of year trip to recognise their ongoing achievements throughout the academic year.

6. When behaviour does not meet our high expectations

Staff at Downham Market Academy and Athena Sixth Form invest time in building good relationships with students therefore establishing a positive working environment to enable students to make outstanding progress. There are occasions, however, where students may make the wrong choices and the table below explains our whole school approach to rectifying such behaviours that do not meet our expectations.

Behaviour	Examples of Sanctions/actions
Failure to meet expected standards This may include, but is not limited to: ➤ A student having their phone out of their bag for any reason or using earphones/air pods, whilst on the school site, this includes lesson time and social time* ➤ Not following the uniform policy including wearing excessive makeup or wearing additional items of jewellery (only one set of studs and a watch are permitted) * ➤ Failing to bring their iPad to school ➤ Inappropriate use of their iPad ➤ Homework not completed to the required standard or submitting work which is not the student's own work ➤ Littering, graffiti or low-level damage or vandalism to property/the environment** *If items (jewellery, phone or air pods) are confiscated a parent/carer will be expected to collect the item(s) from reception. **Where poor behaviour leads to damage to school property the school will expect students to pay for the cost of repairing any damage and families will be invoiced.	First incident: A behaviour detention will be issued if expectations are not met. Further sanctions will be issued if expected standards continue not to be met.
Late to school and late to lessons: All students are expected to be punctual in their arrival to school/sixth form and lessons.	First incident: If students arrive late, without a valid reason, an after school detention will be issued. If a student is persistently late to school or lessons their Head of Year will monitor their punctuality using the punctuality flow chart set out in the DMA Attendance and Punctuality Policy.
Poor behaviour outside of lessons e.g. on the way to lessons or during social time. Running inside the building; shouting; pushing; being out of bounds during social times; other behaviours that have a negative impact on the calm school environment or cause a risk to the health and safety of others.	First incident - Behaviour detention. Second incident - Further behaviour detention. Third incident - Will usually mean a 1-day internal exclusion unless another sanction is felt to be more appropriate.

Challenging behaviour in lessons that disrupts the learning of others: Continuous poor attitude to learning; off task despite behaviour conversation; interrupting the teacher by continuing to call out/disrupt so that the learning of others is compromised; significantly disrupts the learning of another student or students by continuing to talk to them about things not related to the lesson or stopping others learning in another way.	First incident: Remind – in which the teacher clearly describes how the student can improve their behaviour. Second incident: Refocus – The teacher issues a 'Refocus' stating the sanction and why it is being given. This results in a one-hour after school detention. Third incident: Removal - continued challenging behaviour causing disruption to the learning of others, following the teacher's behaviour interventions, a student will be sent to the removal room.
Poor behaviour towards others including making life unpleasant for another student, students or member of staff This could include rudeness, disrespectful behaviour, name calling, rowdy behaviour, being deliberately hurtful, inconsiderate or intimidating, getting others to be unpleasant to someone else (including using technology) and taking or moving someone's property	First incident: Student removed from situation and sent to the removal room and an after-school detention will be issued. Second incident: Student removed from situation and sent to the removal room and an after-school detention will be issued. If appropriate, the student will lose their social times for a specified number of days. Third incident: Parent meeting, internal exclusion and extended period in the removal room at break and lunchtime. Subsequent incidents may result in: ➤ Internal exclusion ➤ Suspension and PSP ➤ Respite placement at another trust school ➤ Managed move ➤ Internal or alternative provision ➤ Permanent exclusion in extreme cases.
Very serious one-off incident/poor behaviour (including during a lesson): Any behaviour which poses a threat to the safe environment or which is later reported to the academy by the public or the police, bringing the academy into disrepute. For example: defiance, swearing at a member of staff; incidents relating to protected characteristics; fighting or other aggressive behaviour or serious unpleasantness to another student, students or others members of our community; bringing things onto site or using such items on the school site, that are forbidden by the school rules, this includes but is not limited to vapes, E-cigarettes, cigarettes, alcohol, drugs, weapons, stolen items or pornographic images; theft, serious damage to school property* or another	Depending on the nature and severity of the incident: ➤ Internal exclusion ➤ Suspension and PSP ➤ Respite placement at another trust school ➤ Managed move ➤ Internal or alternative provision ➤ Permanent exclusion in extreme cases.

student's property; serious misuse of technology. * Where poor behaviour leads to damage to school property the school will expect students to pay for the cost of repairing any damage and families will be invoiced.	
Incidents of alleged child on child abuse, including (but not limited to): i) Sexual harassment or sexual violence ii) Abuse in intimate relationships between peers iii) Bullying (including cyberbullying, prejudice-based and discriminatory bullying) iv) Abuse relating to protected characteristics v) Physical abuse which can include hitting, kicking, shaking, biting, hair pulling, or otherwise causing physical harm vi) Consensual and non-consensual sharing of nude and semi-nude images and/or videos over social media vii) Causing someone to engage in sexual activity without consent, such as forcing someone to strip, touch themselves sexually, or to engage in sexual activity with a third party viii) Up-skirting (which is criminal offence) which involves taking a picture under a person's clothes without their permission, with the intention of viewing their genitals or buttocks to obtain sexual gratification, or cause the victim humiliation, distress, or alarm, ix) Initiation/hazing type violence and rituals	It is very important that this behaviour is reported to a member of staff either verbally, via email by emailing worried@dma.tela.org.uk or by submitted a form using the 'something is right' button on the safeguarding page on our website. We will support and listen to everyone involved. Both the victim and the alleged perpetrator(s) will be offered support. The sanctions given will depend on the individual circumstances. Our response will be: • Proportionate • Considered • Supportive • Decided on a case-by-case basis Sanctions/ responses, depending on the severity and frequency of the incidents, may include: • Asking the student to apologise to anyone the comment was directed at • Support to educate the student to improve their behaviour through discussions. • Monitor the behaviour for any recurrence. • Escalate the sanction if the student refuses to apologise in the first instance • A verbal warning • A letter or phone call to parents • Behaviour detention and/or loss of social time for a period of time • A period of internal exclusion (length dependent on incident) • PSP • Suspension (length dependent on incident) • Respite placement at another trust school • Managed move • Internal or alternative provision • Permanent exclusion The DSL/ DDSL will ensure that the victim's wishes and voice is carefully considered when dealing with the incident.

Tuancy from tutor time, lessons or refusal to attend lessons	Internal exclusion and loss of break and lunchtime Subsequent incidents, depending on the severity and frequency: ➤ Internal exclusion and loss of social time ➤ Suspension and PSP ➤ Internal or alternative provision ➤ Respite placement at another trust school ➤ Managed move ➤ Permanent exclusion in extreme cases.
Refusal to go to the removal room	Internal exclusion or suspension and PSP Subsequent incidents, depending on the severity and frequency: ➤ Further internal exclusion ➤ Suspension and PSP ➤ Internal or alternative provision ➤ Respite placement at another trust school ➤ Managed move ➤ Permanent exclusion in extreme cases.
Failure to attend a detention or complete a sanction for no good reason (parent/carers communication required on the day).	Original behaviour detention rescheduled and second behaviour detention set. If a student fails to attend for a second time an internal exclusion will be scheduled for the following day.
Poor behaviour in a detention	Student is removed from the detention and an internal exclusion is scheduled for the following day. Subsequent incidents, depending on the severity and frequency: ➤ Meeting organised with parents and further internal exclusion ➤ Suspension and PSP ➤ Internal or alternative provision ➤ Respite placement at another trust school ➤ Managed move ➤ Permanent exclusion in extreme cases.
Student incorrectly dressed for no good reason (parent communication required on the day).	Student sent to removal room. Uniform detention issued and correct uniform provided.
Student refuses to remove item of clothing that is not permitted.	Internal exclusion or suspension and PSP
5 behaviour detentions in a term	First 5 incidents: Internal exclusion Second 5 incidents: Internal exclusion Third 5 incidents: Internal exclusion & Head of Year report.

5 internal exclusions in a school year	Student put on to Head of Year report lasting 4 weeks. If poor behaviour continues whilst on the HOH report, following this, the student will then be put on a PSP. Depending on the nature and extent of the poor behaviour the HOY report may be stopped before the end of the 4 weeks and replaced with a PSP.
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The academy reserves the right to withhold the privilege of any student to take part in organised activities and extra-curricular activities (including sport, music, drama, trips, Year 11 Prom) if behaviour has not met the expected standards.

Sixth Form only - In addition to the behaviours and sanctions/actions set out above, Sixth Form student behaviour and disciplinary procedures are outlined in full within the Athena Sixth Form Student Code of Conduct.

Behaviour which does not meet academy expectations will fall within one of three categories, depending on the nature, severity and frequency of the incident(s):

- Misconduct
- Serious misconduct
- Gross misconduct

Follow up and sanctions will be dependant on the nature of the incident(s) and range from a formal conversation about expectations with a student escalating to formal disciplinary action.

6.1 Off-site misbehaviour

Sanctions may be applied where a student has misbehaved off-site when representing the school. This means misbehaviour when the student is:

- Taking part in any school-organised or school-related activity (e.g. school trips)
- Travelling to or from the academy.
- Wearing school uniform.
- In any other way identifiable as a student of our academy.

Sanctions may also be applied where a student has misbehaved off-site, at any time, whether or not the conditions above apply, if the misbehaviour:

- Could have repercussions for the orderly running of the academy.
- Poses a threat to another student.
- Could adversely affect the reputation of the academy.

Sanctions will only be given out on school premises or elsewhere when the student is under the lawful control of a staff member (e.g. on a school-organised trip).

6.2 Online misbehaviour

The school can issue behaviour sanctions to students for online misbehaviour when:

- It poses a threat or causes harm to another student.
- It could have repercussions for the orderly running of the academy.
- It adversely affects the reputation of the academy.
- The student is identifiable as a member of the academy.

6.3 Suspected criminal behaviour

If a student is suspected of criminal behaviour, the school will make an initial assessment of whether to report the incident to the police. When establishing the facts, the school will endeavour to preserve any relevant evidence to hand over to the police.

If a decision is made to report the matter to the police, the designated safeguarding lead (DSL) or behaviour lead will make the report.

The school will not interfere with any police action taken. However, the school may continue to follow its own investigation procedure and enforce sanctions, as long as it does not conflict with police action.

If a report to the police is made, the DSL will make a tandem report to children's social care, if appropriate.

7. Consequences for poor behaviour

When a student's behaviour falls below the expected standard, staff will respond in order to restore a calm and safe learning environment, and consequences will be used to prevent recurrence of misbehaviour. Consequences are an important tool in maintaining good order; they provide staff with the opportunity to work with the student to correct their behaviour and help them to take responsibility for their actions.

Staff will always ensure that any consequence is fair, proportionate, and appropriate in any given situation. De-escalation techniques will be used to help prevent further behaviour issues arising. All students will be treated equitably under the policy, with any factors that contributed to the behavioural incident identified and taken into account. When giving behaviour sanctions, staff will also consider what support could be offered to the student to help them to meet behaviour standards in the future.

Consequences which are used, but are not limited to:

- A verbal reprimand
- Expecting work to be completed at home, or at break or lunchtime
- Detention at break, lunchtime or after school
- Negative behaviour points logged on Edulink
- Removal from the classroom or activity
- Restriction of activity or restriction of access to particular areas
- School-based community service or restorative activity
- Referring the student to the senior leadership team
- Email, letter or phone call home to parents/carers
- Internal exclusion
- Head of Year report
- Pastoral Support Plan (PSP)
- Fixed term suspension
- Respite at a trust school, where a student is not excluded from school but is directed to another trust school
- Directed to internal provision on the school site (Beech House)
- Managed Move to another mainstream school
- Directed to alternative provision
- Permanent Exclusion (PEX)

We recognise that changes in behaviour may be an indicator that a student is in need of help or protection. We will consider whether a student's misbehaviour may be linked to them suffering, or being likely to suffer, significant harm. Where this may be the case, we will follow our child protection and safeguarding policy, and consider whether pastoral support, an early help intervention or a referral to children's social care is appropriate.

7.1 Behaviour management within the classroom

The teacher will endeavour to create a predictable environment by always challenging behaviour that falls short of our high standards, and by responding in a consistent, fair and proportionate manner within the classroom, so that students know with certainty that misbehaviour will always be addressed.

Step 1 - Providing a "reminder"

The teacher will provide a reminder to students by being clear about what the student is doing that is disturbing the learning of others and what the student needs to subsequently do to improve their behaviour. The teacher will explore why the student is disturbing learning and will support the student to make the right choices.

Step 2 – Issuing a "refocus"

A student will be issued with a 'refocus' if they continue to disturb the learning of others in the lesson. The language a teacher uses should be similar to: "You have been given a reminder to stop disturbing the learning of others in the lesson but you are continuing to do so. You have now been issued a detention and need to refocus. If you continue to significantly disrupt the learning of others, you will be sent to the removal room".

Step 3 – Sending a student to the removal room during a lesson

The teacher emails the removal room to let the member of staff know that a student will be arriving. If a student refuses to leave the lesson, the teacher will send an email to help@dma.tela.org.uk and a member of the staff will support to remove the student from the lesson. Once the student has arrived to the removal room they will use their iPad to continue their classwork, using the resources uploaded to Teams.

No debate on poor behaviour/sanctions

Teachers will not debate poor behaviour/sanctions with students. Where a student is argumentative, the teacher will give a clear choice by asking, "are you choosing not to follow my instructions?" If the student says 'yes' or continues to argue, this will be treated as defiance, the teacher should email the support email address, detailed above, and appropriate sanctions will be issued as outlined previously.

7.2 Detentions

Students can be issued with a detention at break, lunchtime or after school during term time.

When imposing a detention, the school will consider whether doing so would:

- Compromise a student's safety
- Conflict with a medical appointment
- Prevent the student from getting home safely
- Interrupt the student's caring responsibility

Detentions are compulsory and can only be changed due to exceptional circumstances. If a student fails to attend a detention further sanctions will be issued.

The academy does not require parental consent to issue a detention however parents will always be informed if a student has been placed in detention. An email will be sent via Edulink so it is visible to both parents and students. If parents/carers cannot be contacted, the detention will be rearranged for as soon as possible after the parents/carers have been contacted (usually the following day). All administration for whole-school sanctions (including recording behaviour incidents, contacting parents/carers, setting up and ensuring completion of detentions) is completed by a member of the Behaviour Team support staff. All whole-school sanctions happen in one place and finish at 4.05pm.

7.3 Removal from lessons

In response to serious or persistent breaches of this policy, students may be removed from the classroom for a period of time. Removal is a serious sanction and staff will only remove students from the classroom once the other behaviour management strategies, outlined above, have been attempted, unless behaviour is so extreme as to warrant immediate removal.

Removal can be used to:

- Restore order if a student is being unreasonably disruptive.
- Maintain the safety of all students.
- Allow the disruptive student to continue their learning in a managed environment.
- Allow the disruptive student to regain calm in a safe space.

When removed from lessons: students will complete work set by their teacher or that set by a member of the isolation room staff. Students will hand in their phone upon arrival and sit at an allocated desk where they will work in silence. Failure to do so will result in further sanctions.

A student will not be allowed back to a lesson from which they were removed by the teacher. On most occasions students will return to their timetable for the following lesson but where behaviour has been extreme or sustained, they will remain in the isolation room to prevent further escalations of behaviour. The senior leadership team will determine whether a student can return to their next lesson or whether they need to remain in internal exclusion for the remainder of the day. If sent to the removal room, students will also lose their break and/or lunchtimes on that day, depending on the time that they were sent.

7.4 Internal Exclusions

Internal exclusion will be used in response to serious incidents or in response to persistent poor behaviour which has not improved despite using interventions and sanctions.

When completing an internal exclusion, students will complete work set by their teacher or that set by a member of the isolation room staff. They may also complete some reflective and/or restorative activities. Students will hand in their phone on arrival and sit at an allocated desk where they will work in silence. Failure to do so will result in further sanctions.

Students who accumulate multiple removals or internal exclusion will be placed on report so that their behaviour can be closely monitored by staff and parents/carers. Support, guidance, and interventions will be given in an effort to prevent these behaviours from being repeated or escalating.

7.5 Fixed Term Suspension or Permanent Exclusion

Fixed term suspension and permanent exclusion are the highest level consequences that a school can use and will be used in response to serious incidents or in response to persistent poor behaviour which had not improved despite using other sanctions or interventions.

A fixed term suspension involves the student being excluded from the academy premises for a set period, for example, 1 day. A readmission meeting must take place with the student and parents/carers present before the student can return to mainstream school. Only the Headteacher can authorise a fixed term suspension or permanent exclusion.

When a student is suspended, parents will be notified "without delay". This extends to social workers and/or virtual school heads as applicable for looked-after children and children with a social worker.

When a student is suspended, the local authority will be notified – regardless of the length of suspension.

Student suspensions are conducted in line with DfE guidance [Suspension and permanent exclusion from maintained schools, academies and student referral units in England, including student movement](#)

7.6 Head of Year Reports and Pastoral Support Programmes (PSP)

If a student accumulates multiple removals or internal exclusions they will be placed on report so that their behaviour can be closely monitored by staff and parents/carers.

The Head of Year Report is the first step and lasts for 4 weeks. It involves a student being set targets to achieve and each teacher will comment on whether the targets have been met at the end of each lesson. The Head of Year will review these with the student at the end of each day. If the student is successful at the end of the 4 week period, in that there is evidence that their behaviour has shown dramatic improvement, then the student will come off of report. If poor behaviour continues whilst on report and the student is still receiving behaviour sanctions then the student will be placed on a final report known as a PSP.

A PSP is a Pastoral Support Programme which lasts for a minimum of 6 weeks and up to 15 weeks. A student on a PSP is in danger of losing their place within the mainstream population. This may include being directed to a respite placement at another trust school, being put on a managed move, being placed in internal provision or alternative provision or being permanently excluded. The student will be closely monitored and will be given appropriate support to help them be successful in meeting the PSP targets that will be set. If a student is suspended, they will go onto a PSP upon being readmitted.

PSP process:

- Clear targets will be set for the PSP.
- PSPs will be formally reviewed at 2-week intervals by the Head of Year. Parents/carers will be invited to the review meetings. The Senior Assistant Headteacher responsible for behaviour may decide after a review to suspend the PSP, after 6 weeks, if targets are being met. Evidence for the PSP will be gathered on daily PSP reports which the student is responsible for maintaining and getting signed every day. The teachers will write a comment against each target for every lesson throughout the day and during break and/or lunchtimes if targets have been set for these times, and the student will meet their Head of Year at the end of each day to review the day.
- If there is some poor behaviour recorded on the report, an emergency review of the PSP may take place. This may result in further action being taken such as, respite at another trust school, a managed move, internal provision or alternative provision or, in extreme cases, may result in the student being permanently excluded.
- If a student is successful on PSP, but then qualifies for a second one through poor behaviour further action will be taken such as, respite at another trust school, a managed move, internal provision or alternative provision or, in extreme cases, may result in the student being permanently excluded.

7.7 Respite at another trust school

If poor behaviour continues, despite support and interventions being put in place, the academy may determine that a respite placement is required. This will involve the student being educated at another school within the trust for a period of time, determined by the academy. The aim of the placement is to enable the student to continue within the mainstream environment whilst providing them with a fresh start/reset. After the set time, the student will be re-integrated back into their school.

7.8 Managed Moves

A managed move is an agreement between schools, parents/carers, the student and the Local Authority, for that student to change school or educational programme under controlled circumstances. Managed moves are often used as an alternative to alternative provision or in some cases permanent exclusion.

A managed move is strictly time-limited to 8 weeks. While on the managed move, the student will access mainstream education and their progress will be regularly reviewed.

There are a number of reasons why a managed move will take place which are discussed with families on an individual basis. If successful at the end of the 8 weeks, the student will officially transfer schools and will go on roll at that school. If a student is unsuccessful on their managed move a programme of either internal provision or alternative provision will be put in place for the student moving forwards.

7.9 Internal provision and alternative provision

Internal or alternative provision is for a student whose poor behaviour has put them in a position where they cannot continue in mainstream lessons. Instead, for a period to be determined by the academy, the student will be educated outside of normal lessons. The aim is for the student to be re-integrated to the mainstream curriculum. For this to happen, the student has to demonstrate good behaviour/attitude to learning, over an extended period of time.

- The Senior Assistant Headteacher responsible for behaviour will work with the student and parent on specific arrangements for internal or alternative provision.
- The amount of time spent in internal or alternative provision will be determined by the academy.
- This period of time may be influenced by the student's behaviour and engagement with the provision.

The most likely outcome for a student who does not respond well to internal or alternative provision is permanent exclusion from the academy.

8. Serious Incident Protocol

At Downham Market Academy and Athena Sixth Form we minimise the risk of child-on-child abuse by ensuring that all incidents are met with a suitable response, and ensuring that students are aware that we act promptly and involve all relevant external agencies.

A serious incident is any concern which:

- Involves a referral to the Local Authority Designated officer (LADO)
- Involves a referral to the Police
- Involves a referral to the Multi-Agency Safeguarding Hub (MASH)
- Could result in a 5-day fixed term suspension or recommendation for alternative provision or permanent exclusion
- Any incidents relating to protected characteristics

It is very important that this behaviour is reported to a member of staff verbally, via email or via our website using the 'something isn't right' reporting form.

Reporting this behaviour benefits everyone, including:

- **The student themselves:** by stopping the problem and getting them the help and support they need
- **Other people:** by preventing it from happening to someone else
- **Alleged perpetrator(s):** by catching problematic behaviour(s) early as it can help them avoid criminal offences later on in life

We will support and listen to everyone involved. Both the victim and the alleged perpetrator(s) will be offered support, so that they can change their behaviour.

8.1 Procedure for recording a serious incident

1. Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL) classes the incident as 'high-level' and ensures it is logged on My Concern. The high-level concern group are notified.
2. Statements taken from the alleged victim, alleged perpetrator and any identified witnesses. Statements reviewed by DSL, Senior Assistant Headteacher responsible for behaviour and the Head of School as well as being added to the concern log.
3. School will engage with the appropriate body/professionals and guidance from the Trust Safeguarding Director to ensure robust and proportionate appropriate next steps are taken in line with safeguarding and behaviour policies.
4. Communication home as appropriate with alleged victim's and alleged perpetrator's parents/carers e.g. phone call, or face to face meeting, which is minuted with agreed outcomes and followed-up in writing via email.
5. On-going support guided by appropriate body/professionals. At any point the intervention stage or behaviour sanction can be escalated or a prevent referral completed upon discussion with the Trust Safeguarding Lead

9. Malicious Allegations

Where a student makes an allegation against a member of staff and that allegation is shown to have been deliberately invented or malicious, the academy will discipline the student in accordance with this policy.

Where a student makes an allegation of sexual harassment or sexual violence against another student and that allegation is shown to have been deliberately invented or malicious, the academy will discipline the student in accordance with this policy.

In all cases, where an allegation is determined to be unsubstantiated, unfounded, false or malicious, the academy (in collaboration with the Local Authority Designated Officer, where relevant) will consider whether the student who made the allegation is in need of help, or the allegation may have been a cry for help. If so, a referral to Children's Social Care may be appropriate.

The academy will also consider the pastoral needs of staff and students accused of misconduct. Please refer to our safeguarding and child protection policy for more information on responding to allegations of abuse against staff or other students.

10. Confiscation, searches, and the use of reasonable force

Searches and confiscations are conducted in line with the DfE's [latest guidance on searching, screening and confiscation](#).

10.1 Confiscation

Any prohibited items found in a student's possession as a result of a search will be confiscated. These items will not be returned to the student.

We will also confiscate any item that is harmful or detrimental to school discipline. These items will be returned, however, parents will be asked to collect these items from main school reception.

10.2 Searching a student

Searches will only be carried out by a member of staff who has been authorised to do so by the Head of School.

Subject to the exception below, the authorised member of staff carrying out the search will be of the same sex as the student, and there will be another member of staff present as a witness to the search.

An authorised member of staff of a different sex to the student can carry out a search without another member of staff as a witness if:

- The authorised member of staff carrying out the search reasonably believes there is risk that serious harm will be caused to a person if the search is not carried out as a matter of urgency; **and**
- In the time available, it is not reasonably practicable for the search to be carried out by a member of staff who is the same sex as the student; **or**
- It is not reasonably practicable for the search to be carried out in the presence of another member of staff

When an authorised member of staff conducts a search without a witness, they should immediately report this to another member of staff, and make sure a written record of the search is kept.

If the authorised member of staff considers a search to be necessary, but not required urgently, they will seek the advice of the Head of School, Designated Safeguarding Lead, Deputy Designated Safeguarding Lead or pastoral member of staff who may have more information about the student. During this time the student will be supervised and kept away from other students.

A search can be carried out if the authorised member of staff has reasonable grounds for suspecting that the student is in possession of a prohibited item or any item identified in the school rules for which a search can be made, or if the student has agreed.

An appropriate location for the search will be found. Where possible, this will be away from other students. The search will only take place on the school premises or where the member of staff has lawful control or charge of the student, for example on a school trip.

Before carrying out a search the authorised member of staff will:

- Assess whether there is an urgent need for a search
- Assess whether not doing the search would put other students or staff at risk
- Consider whether the search would pose a safeguarding risk to the student
- Explain to the student why they are being searched
- Explain to the student what a search entails – e.g. "I will ask you to turn out your pockets and remove your scarf"
- Explain how and where the search will be carried out
- Give the student the opportunity to ask questions
- Seek the student's co-operation

If the student refuses to agree to a search, the member of staff can give an appropriate behaviour sanction.

If they still refuse to co-operate, the member of staff will contact the Designated Safeguarding Lead or Deputy Designated Safeguarding Lead to try to determine why the student is refusing to comply.

The authorised member of staff will then decide whether to use reasonable force to search the student. This decision will be made on a case-by-case basis, taking into consideration whether conducting the search will prevent the student harming themselves or others, damaging property or causing disorder.

The authorised member of staff can use reasonable force to search for any prohibited items, but not to search for items that are only identified in the school rules.

An authorised member of staff may search a student's outer clothing, pockets, possessions, desk or locker.

'Outer clothing' includes:

- Any item of clothing that is not worn wholly next to the skin or immediately over underwear (e.g. a jumper or jacket being worn over a t-shirt)
- Hats, scarves, gloves, shoes or boots

10.3 Searching students' possessions

Possessions means any items that the student has or appears to have control of, including:

- Desks
- Lockers
- Bags

A student's possessions can be searched for any item if the student agrees to the search. If the student does not agree to the search, staff can still carry out a search for prohibited items and items identified in the school rules.

An authorised member of staff can search a student's possessions when the student and another member of staff are present.

If there is a serious risk of harm if the search is not conducted immediately, or it is not reasonably practicable to summon another member of staff, the search can be carried out by a single authorised member of staff.

10.4 Informing the designated safeguarding lead (DSL)

The staff member who carried out the search should inform the DSL without delay:

- Of any incidents where the member of staff had reasonable grounds to suspect a student was in possession of a prohibited item
- If they believe that a search has revealed a safeguarding risk

All searches for prohibited items, including incidents where no items were found, will be recorded in on My Concern.

10.5 Informing parents/carers

Parents/carers will always be informed of any search for a prohibited item. A member of staff will tell the parents/carers as soon as is reasonably practicable:

- What happened
- What was found, if anything

- What has been confiscated, if anything
- What action the school has taken, including any sanctions that have been applied to their child

10.6 Support after a search

Irrespective of whether any items are found as the result of any search, the school will consider whether the student may be suffering or likely to suffer harm and whether any specific support is needed (due to the reasons for the search, the search itself, or the outcome of the search).

If this is the case, staff will follow the school's safeguarding policy and speak to the Designated Safeguarding Lead. The Designated Safeguarding Lead will consider whether pastoral support, an early help intervention or a referral to children's social care is appropriate.

10.7 Strip searches

The authorised member of staff's power to search outlined above does not enable them to conduct a strip search (removing more than the outer clothing) and strip searches on school premises shall only be carried out by police officers in accordance with the [Police and Criminal Evidence Act 1984 \(PACE\) Code C](#).

Before calling the police into school, staff will assess and balance the risk of a potential strip search on the student's mental and physical wellbeing and the risk of not recovering the suspected item.

Staff will consider whether introducing the potential for a strip search through police involvement is absolutely necessary, and will always ensure that other appropriate, less invasive approaches have been exhausted first.

Once the police are on school premises, the decision on whether to conduct a strip search lies solely with them. The school will advocate for the safety and wellbeing of the student(s) involved. Staff retain a duty of care to the student involved and should advocate for student wellbeing at all times.

10.8 Communication and record-keeping

Where reasonably possible and unless there is an immediate risk of harm, staff will contact at least one of the student's parents/carers to inform them that the police are going to strip search the student before the strip search takes place, and ask them whether they would like to come into school to act as the student's appropriate adult. If the school can't get in touch with the parents/carers, or they aren't able to come into school to act as the appropriate adult, a member of staff can act as the appropriate adult (see below for information about the role of the appropriate adult).

The student's parents/carers will always be informed by a staff member once a strip search has taken place. The school will keep records of strip searches that have been conducted on school premises, and monitor them for any trends that emerge.

10.9 Who will be present

For any strip search that involves exposure of intimate body parts, there will be at least two people present other than the student, except in urgent cases where there is risk of serious harm to the student or others.

One of these must be the appropriate adult, except if:

- The student explicitly states in the presence of an appropriate adult that they do not want an appropriate adult to be present during the search, **and**
- The appropriate adult agrees

If this is the case, a record will be made of the student's decision and it will be signed by the appropriate adult.

No more than two people other than the student and appropriate adult will be present, except in the most exceptional circumstances.

The appropriate adult will:

- Act to safeguard the rights, entitlements and welfare of the student
- Not be a police officer or otherwise associated with the police
- Not be the headteacher
- Be of the same sex as the student, unless the student specifically requests an adult who is not of the same sex

Except for an appropriate adult of a different sex if the student specifically requests it, no one of a different sex will be permitted to be present and the search will not be carried out anywhere where the student could be seen by anyone else.

10.10 Care after a strip search

After any strip search, the student will be given appropriate support, irrespective of whether any suspected item is found. The student will also be given the opportunity to express their views about the strip search and the events surrounding it.

As with other searches, the school will consider whether the student may be suffering or likely to suffer harm and whether any further specific support is needed (due to the reasons for the search, the search itself, or the outcome of the search).

Staff will follow the school's safeguarding policy and speak to the designated safeguarding lead (DSL). The DSL will consider whether, in addition to pastoral support, an early help intervention or a referral to children's social care is appropriate.

Any student(s) who have been strip searched more than once and/or groups of students who may be more likely to be subject to strip searching will be given particular consideration, and staff will consider any preventative approaches that can be taken.

10.11 Reasonable force

Reasonable force covers a range of interventions that involve physical contact with students. All members of staff have a duty to use reasonable force, in the following circumstances, to prevent a student from:

- Causing disorder
- Hurting themselves or others
- Damaging property
- Committing an offence

Incidents of reasonable force must:

- Always be used as a last resort
- Be applied using the minimum amount of force and for the minimum amount of time possible
- Be used in a way that maintains the safety and dignity of all concerned
- Never be used as a form of punishment
- Be recorded and reported to parents/carers

When considering using reasonable force, staff should, in considering the risks, carefully recognise any specific vulnerabilities of the student, including SEND, mental health needs or medical conditions.

11. Student support

The academy recognises its legal duty under the Equality Act 2010 to prevent students with a protected characteristic from being at a disadvantage. Consequently, our approach to challenging behaviour may be differentiated to cater to the needs of the student.

The academy's Special Educational Needs Co-ordinator (SENCo) and Designated Teacher (DT) may evaluate a student who exhibits challenging behaviour to determine whether they have any underlying needs that are not currently being met.

Where necessary, support and advice will also be sought from specialist teachers, an educational psychologist, medical practitioners and/or others (such as the Virtual school or social workers), to identify or support specific needs.

When acute needs are identified, we will liaise with external agencies and plan support programmes for that student. We will work with parents to create the plan and review this on a regular basis.

12. Recognising the impact of SEND on behaviour

The school recognises that students' behaviour may be impacted by a special educational need or disability (SEND).

When incidents of misbehaviour arise, we will consider them in relation to a student's SEND, although we recognise that not every incident of misbehaviour will be connected to their SEND. Decisions on whether a student's SEND had an impact on an incident of misbehaviour will be made on a case-by-case basis.

When dealing with misbehaviour from students with SEND, especially where their SEND affects their behaviour, the school will take its legal duties into account when making decisions about enforcing the behaviour policy. The legal duties include:

- Taking reasonable steps to avoid any substantial disadvantage to a disabled student being caused by the school's policies or practices ([Equality Act 2010](#))
- Using our best endeavors to meet the needs of students with SEND ([Children and Families Act 2014](#))
- If a student has an education, health and care (EHC) plan, the provisions set out in that plan must be secured and the school must co-operate with the local authority and other bodies

As part of meeting these duties, the school will anticipate, as far as possible, all likely triggers of misbehaviour, and put in place support to prevent these from occurring.

Any preventative measures will take into account the specific circumstances and requirements of the student concerned.

12.1 Adapting sanctions for students with SEND

When considering a behavioural sanction for a student with SEND, the school will consider whether:

- The student was unable to understand the rule or instruction
- The student was unable to act differently at the time as a result of their SEND
- The student was likely to behave aggressively due to their particular SEND

If the answer to any of these is 'yes', it may be unlawful for the school to sanction the student for the behaviour.

The school will then assess whether it is appropriate to use a sanction and if so, whether any reasonable adjustments need to be made to the sanction.

12.2 Considering whether a student displaying challenging behaviour may have unidentified SEND

The special educational needs co-ordinator (SENCO) may evaluate a student who exhibits challenging behaviour to determine whether they have any underlying needs that are not currently being met.

Where necessary, support and advice will also be sought from specialist teachers, an educational psychologist, medical practitioners and/or others, to identify or support specific needs.

When acute needs are identified in a student, we will liaise with external agencies and plan support programmes for that student. We will work with parents/carers to create the plan and review it on a regular basis.

12.3 Students with an education, health and care (EHC) plan

The provisions set out in the EHC plan must be secured and the school will co-operate with the local authority and other bodies.

If the school has a concern about the behaviour of a student with an EHC plan, it will make contact with the local authority to discuss the matter. If appropriate, the school may request an emergency review of the EHC plan.

13. Training

Our staff are provided with regular training on managing behaviour, through the continuing professional development sessions planned and delivered throughout the academic year. Additional training and support can also be accessed throughout the year, provided by the behaviour lead and/or senior leadership team.

Training topics include:

- Behaviour management techniques and their application
- Understanding the needs of our students
- Trauma informed training
- How SEND and mental health needs can impact behaviour

Effective behaviour management also forms part of the regular CPD plan delivered at weekly staff briefing, Head of Year meetings, Head of Faculty meetings and as part of trainee and ECT development sessions.

14. Monitoring arrangements

14.1 Monitoring and evaluating behaviour

The school will collect data on the following:

- Behavioural incidents, including removal from the classroom.
- Attendance, suspensions and permanent exclusions.
- Use of internal provision, respite placements, managed moves and alternative provision.
- Incidents of searching and confiscation.
- Perceptions and experiences of the school behaviour culture for staff, students, governors, and other stakeholders (via anonymous surveys).

The data will be analysed from a variety of perspectives including:

- At school level
- By year group
- At the level of individual members of staff
- By time of day/week/term
- By protected characteristic

The school will use the results of this analysis to make sure it is meeting its duties under the Equality Act 2010. If any trends or disparities between groups of students are identified by this analysis, the school will review its policies to tackle them.

14.2 Monitoring this policy

This behaviour policy will be reviewed by the headteacher and local governing body at least annually, or more frequently, if needed, to address findings from the regular monitoring of the behaviour data (as per section 14.1). At each review, the policy will be approved by the local governing body.



Search Protocol

This guidance has been constructed in consultation with advice from the Department for Education as outlined in the document ["Search, screening and confiscation" \(July 2022\)](#).

Under article 8 of the European Convention on Human Rights students have a right to respect for their private life. This means that students have the right to expect a reasonable level of personal privacy if a search is conducted.

Downham Market Academy staff will adhere to the guidance within the document which is summarised below. The Academy is *not* required to inform parents before a search takes place or to seek their consent to search their child. Authorised Academy staff can search students for any item, banned or not, *if the student consents* to the search.

Headteachers and authorised staff have the power to search students and their belongings for banned items (knives & weapons, alcohol, illegal drugs, stolen items, tobacco & cigarette papers, fireworks, pornographic images or any other item that could be used to commit an offence, cause injury to a person or damage to property) *without* the student's consent where there is reasonable grounds for suspecting that they have a banned item with the following conditions:

- Only authorised staff will carry out searches of students and their belongings namely, members of the Senior Leadership Team or Heads of Year. All searches will have at least one member of the Senior Leadership Team present to either conduct the search or bear witness to it.
- A search will be carried out by a member of staff the same sex as the student and with another adult as witness. This will be out of sight of other students. In extremis, a search may be carried out by a staff member of the opposite sex and/or without a witness present but only where there is reasonable belief that there is a risk that serious harm will be caused to a person if the search is not conducted immediately, and where it is not reasonably practicable to summon another member of staff.
- Students can be asked to remove outer layers of clothing. This includes the coat, hoodie, blazer, hat, tie, shoes. Under no circumstances should a student be asked to remove the shirt, trousers or skirt.
- Students can be asked to empty their trouser pockets, but staff will not do this.
- Staff can ask students to empty their bags or coat pockets, alternatively staff can do this themselves.
- A search will be carried out in the presence of the student unless there is significant risk that serious harm would be caused if the search is not conducted immediately without the student.
- If a banned item is found, it must be confiscated and not returned to the student. It must be secured in an envelope/bag with a contents list signed and dated by the member of staff and the student to acknowledge what was taken. This must then be passed to Lewis Swatman, Senior Assistant Headteacher, Behaviour, Safeguarding & Alternative Provision.
- Academy staff can confiscate any item they consider to be harmful or detrimental to Academy discipline.

If any search is conducted, the following form must be completed and submitted to Lewis Swatman on the same day that the search took place. A record of the search must be logged on My Concern and a copy of the completed document uploaded.

If any banned items are found, Academy staff will notify the parents and deal with this as outlined in the Academy Behaviour Policy.



Student Search

Student name	
Year group	
Date	
Location	
Staff member	
Staff witness	

Student search

What is the nature of the concern?	
What items have been found?	
What items have been confiscated?	
Next steps?	

Signatures		
Student	Staff	Staff witness